

MGMT Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP70933**Specification**

MGMT Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	P16455
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

MGMT Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 4255**Other Names**

MGMT; Methylated-DNA--protein-cysteine methyltransferase; 6-O-methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase; MGMT; O-6-methylguanine-DNA-alkyltransferase

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

IHC-P~~N/A

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

MGMT Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** MGMT**Function**

Involved in the cellular defense against the biological effects of O6-methylguanine (O6-MeG) and O4-methylthymine (O4-MeT) in DNA. Repairs the methylated nucleobase in DNA by stoichiometrically transferring the methyl group to a cysteine residue in the enzyme. This is a suicide reaction: the enzyme is irreversibly inactivated.

Cellular Location

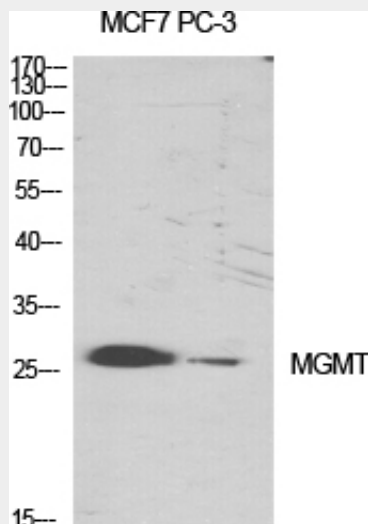
Nucleus.

MGMT Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

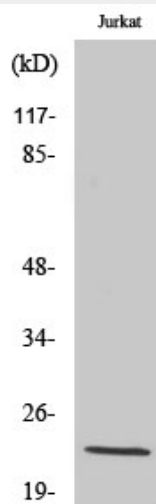
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

MGMT Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using MGMT Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003, Invent biotech, MN, USA).



Western Blot analysis of Jurkat cells using MGMT Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003, Invent biotech, MN, USA).

MGMT Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Involved in the cellular defense against the biological effects of O6-methylguanine (O6-MeG) and

O4-methylthymine (O4-MeT) in DNA. Repairs the methylated nucleobase in DNA by stoichiometrically transferring the methyl group to a cysteine residue in the enzyme. This is a suicide reaction: the enzyme is irreversibly inactivated.